

Strategically positioned for the global energy transition

**Refining, Recycling & Mining** May 2021



TSX.V: FCC | OTCQX: FTSSF

## **Forward looking statements**

All statements in this presentation other than statements of historical fact constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and "forward-looking information" under similar Canadian legislation and are based on the reasonable expectations, estimates and projections of First Cobalt Corp. as of the date of this presentation. Forward-looking statements and forward-looking information include, without limitation, possible events, trends and opportunities and statements, including with respect to the state of the cobalt market, global market conditions, the proposed development of the First Cobalt Refinery, the processing of cobalt hydroxide feedstock, the ability to secure financing, results of exploration activities, potential acquisitions, capital expenditures, successful development of assets, currency fluctuations, government policy and regulation and environmental regulation. In particular, forward-looking information included in this presentation includes, without limitation, the opportunity to restart the First Cobalt refinery and targeted metrics. Generally, forward-looking statements and forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", or variations of such words or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Forward-looking statements, and forward-looking statements and forward-looking statements and contingencies. Known and unknown factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements and forward-looking statements and forward-looking statements and forward-looking information are information. Such factors include changes in supply and demand for cobalt, the results of metallurgical and engineering stu

Many of these uncertainties and contingencies can affect the Company's actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements and forward-looking information made by, or on behalf of, the Company. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements and forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. All of the forward-looking statements and forward-looking information made in this presentation are qualified by these cautionary statements. Although management of the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements or forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements or forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information that are incorporated by reference herein, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

Timelines used in this presentation are for the purpose of aiding management in the planning and implementation of the projects and are not based on a detailed assessment of project requirements. Consequently, the timelines are subject to material revision as subsequent technical reports and assessments are completed. Future phases of the project are contingent upon completion of preceding phases. Nothing in this presentation should be construed as either an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell shares in any jurisdiction.

This presentation includes a summary of the results of a feasibility study related to the First Cobalt Refinery Project. This study does not constitute a feasibility study within the definition employed by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM), as it relates to a stand-alone industrial project and does not concern a mineral project of First Cobalt. As a result, disclosure standards prescribed by National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (NI 43-101) are not applicable to the scientific and technical disclosure in the study and in this presentation to the extent it relates to the Refinery Project.

Dr. Frank Santaguida, P.Geo and Mark Trevisiol, P.Eng. are Qualified Persons as defined by National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Project ("NI 43-101") and has reviewed and approved the technical content in this presentation. Both are employed as officers of First Cobalt.

## The opportunity

- **70%** of cobalt is mined in the DRC
- 80% of battery grade cobalt is produced in China
- 85% of the world's EV batteries to contain cobalt by 2030

"We have a lot of catching up to do but we're going to be in a position where we ought to own the future. We ought to be the single most significant supplier of electric buses and vehicles in the world before it's over."

- U.S. President Joe Biden

## **First Cobalt Corporation**

Building a new environmentally friendly battery raw materials supply chain in the North America, strategically positioned to become an indispensable player in the global energy transition

#### 2022 cash flow from North American refinery



- Only permitted cobalt sulfate refinery in North America
- Expansion underway for October 2022 commissioning
- Hydrometallurgical with near-zero carbon emissions

#### Lithium-ion battery black mass recycling



- Phase 2 expansion into battery recycling (black mass)
- Targeting cobalt, nickel, copper, and other battery raw materials for OEM closed loop supply chain

#### Iron Creek cobalt-copper project

- One of the largest cobalt resources in the US
  - Strategically important for U.S. supply chain security



## **First Cobalt investment highlights**

## 01

**Refining** Capitalizing on Atlantic battery raw materials demand growth

#### 02

#### **Strategically located**

Only fully licensed North American refinery within proximity world's largest lithium-ion battery cell makers in the western world

## 04

#### World class ESG credentials

Hydrometallurgical refinery powered by hydroelectricity – near-zero carbon emissions

## 05

#### Mining

Active development program to develop North America's first cobalt mine

## 03

#### **Battery recycling**

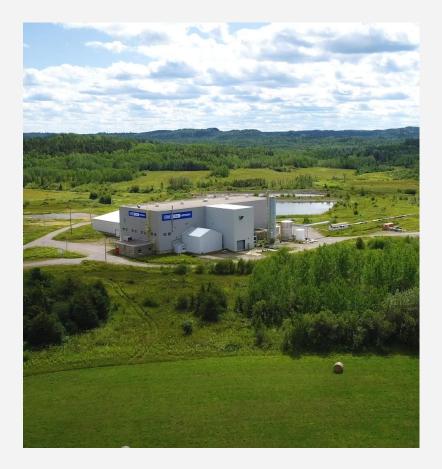
Ability to process black mass with existing hydrometallurgical infrastructure, extracting cobalt, nickel, and other battery materials

#### TSX.V: FCC | OTCQX: FTSS

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HEAD OFFICE: 401 Bay St., 6th Floor Toronto, ON

# **Battery market opportunity**



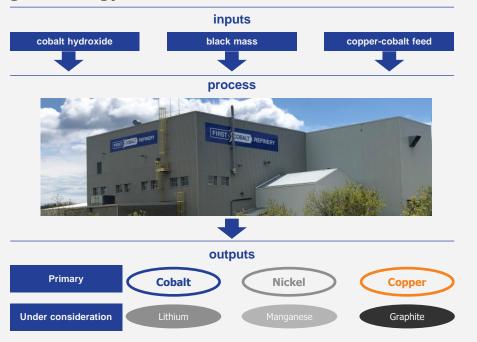
## **First Cobalt Refinery**

- Hydrometallurgical facility with proven track record
- Only facility of its kind in North America, capable of supplying the electric vehicle market
- US\$60M CAPEX to upgrade and expand capacity
- Funding plan developed with anticipated completion in Q2 21
- Commissioning in October 2022



## **Process and markets**

First Cobalt is strategically positioned for growth in the global energy transition



## **Project overview**

80% of cobalt sulfate is produced in China. There is no North American alternative – until now

- Phase I annual production of 5,000t of cobalt (25,000t cobalt sulfate)
- Phase II expansion potential to add an additional 1,500t of battery materials
- Feed secured from KCC mine (Glencore) and Tenke Fungurume mine (CMOC)
- Offtake secured with Stratton Metal
- Globally competitive operating costs



## Cobalt demand | Set to grow by a CAGR of 14% to 2030

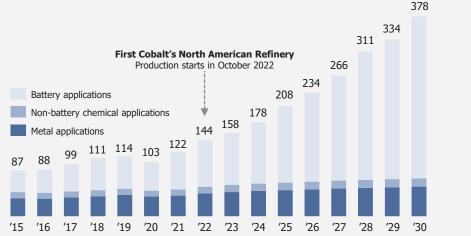
First Cobalt will account for one quarter of ex. China cobalt sulfate production by 2023

#### Cobalt demand growth, 2015-2030 (kt Co)

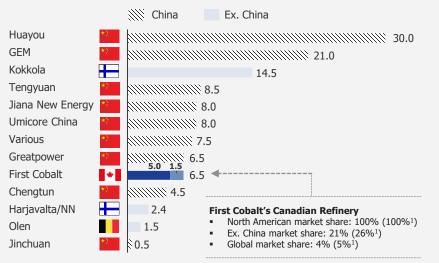
Cobalt demand from the battery segment will make up more than 90% of total growth, with a CAGR of 19% over the 2020-2030 period.

#### Global battery grade sulfate capacity, 2023 (kt Co)

First Cobalt will be the world's second largest non-Chinese battery grade sulfate refinery, and the only refinery in North America.



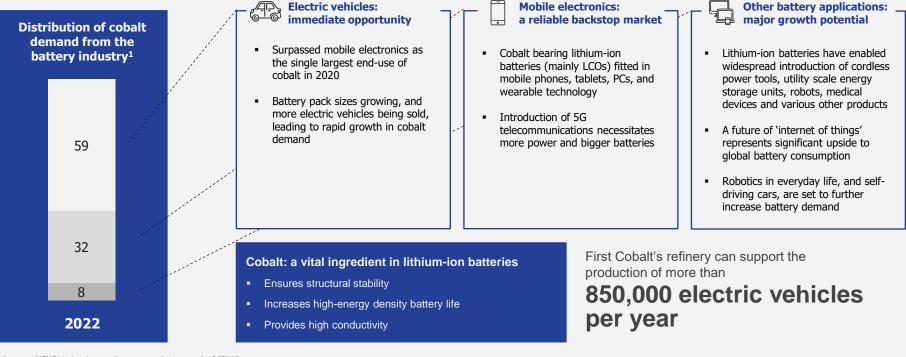
<sup>1</sup> Based on 2022 forecast, when First Cobalt's refinery commences operations. Source: First Cobalt Market Intelligence, BNEF



<sup>1</sup> First Cobalt market share with Phase II expansion. Source: First Cobalt Market Intelligence, BNEF

## Lithium-ion batteries | Much more than electric vehicles

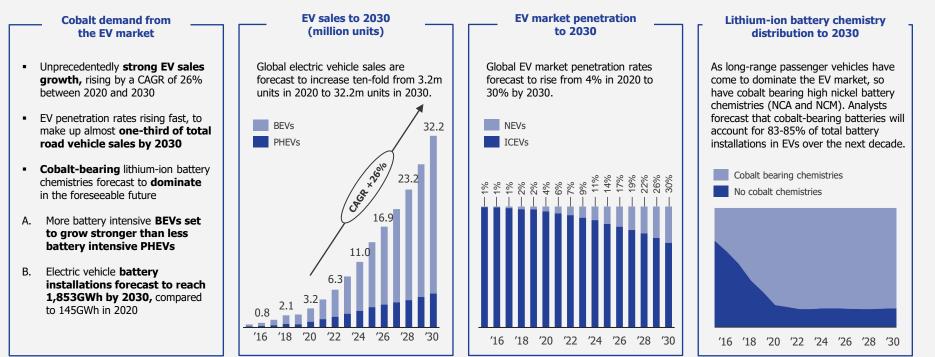
In the future, batteries will be everywhere



<sup>1</sup> Assumes NCM811 chemistry and an average battery pack of 60kWh. Source: First Cobalt Market Intelligence

## **Electric Vehicles (EVs)<sup>1</sup> | Extraordinary growth trajectory**

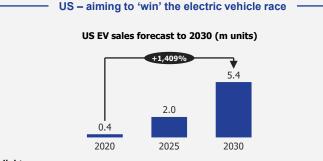
Lithium-ion battery demand from the electric vehicle sector will represent the bulk of First Cobalt's market



<sup>1</sup> Based on 2022 forecast, when First Cobalt's refinery commences operations. Source: First Cobalt Market Intelligence, BNEF

## Well placed to supply North America and Europe

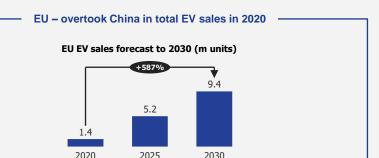
US administration and EU parliament targeting clean mobility leadership



#### Highlights

- U.S. re-joined the Paris Accord
- \$2 trillion Clean Energy Plan
- \$174 billion to 'win' the electric vehicle market
- \$621 billion over 8 years for transportation-related programs
  - > \$85bn for mass transit and
  - > 500,000 charging stations by 2030
  - > Cash-for-Clunkers scheme
  - > Federal vehicle fleet to 100% electric
- Expected to restore EV purchase credit and eliminate/extend the 200,000-vehicle cap

"The President's plan will unify and mobilize the country to meet the great challenges of our time: the climate crisis and the ambition of an autocratic China" [White House press release]



#### Highlights

- European Commission goal to have 30 million EVs on European roads by 2030
- Stricter CO<sub>2</sub> emissions targets introduced in 2021, forcing producers to sell vehicles will lower emissions on average
- Ford (2030), Jaguar Land Rover (2030), and GM (2035) are the most recent OEMs committing to go full electric in Europe
- World's strongest EV subsidy plans
- New internal combustion vehicle sales banned in Norway in 2025, Germany, UK and Netherlands in 2030, and France in 2040

"The European Union is committed to achieving the highest levels of climate and environmental protection" [European Commission press release]



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#### **Battery recycling**

Ability to process black mass with existing hydrometallurgical infrastructure, extracting cobalt, nickel, and other battery materials

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#### Mining

Active development program to develop North America's first cobalt mine

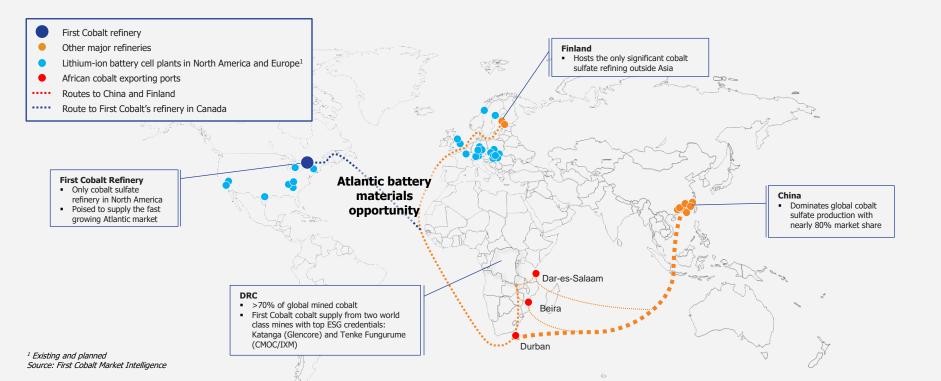


# Refinery



## Atlantic opportunity | Filling the regional battery raw materials vacuum

With 80% of battery grade cobalt processed in China, First Cobalt aims to become indispensable to the Atlantic market



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COBALT



P. 500

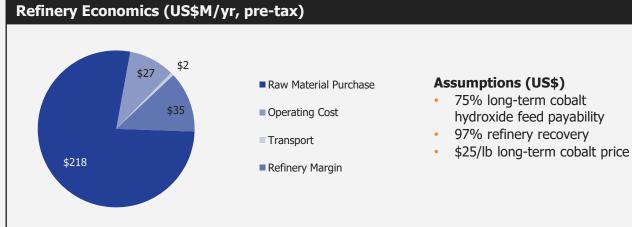
## Refinery economics

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COBALT

Base case projects US\$35 million in annual pre-tax cash flow

Operating costs are globally competitive



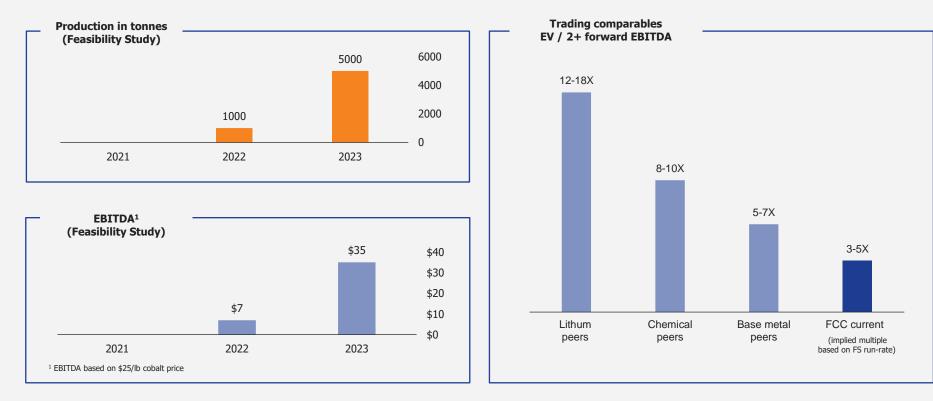
#### Sensitivity Table (US\$)

Cobalt Price	\$25	\$30	\$35
Hydroxide Payability	75%	77.5%	80%
FCC Annual Margin	\$35	\$39	\$41

COBALT

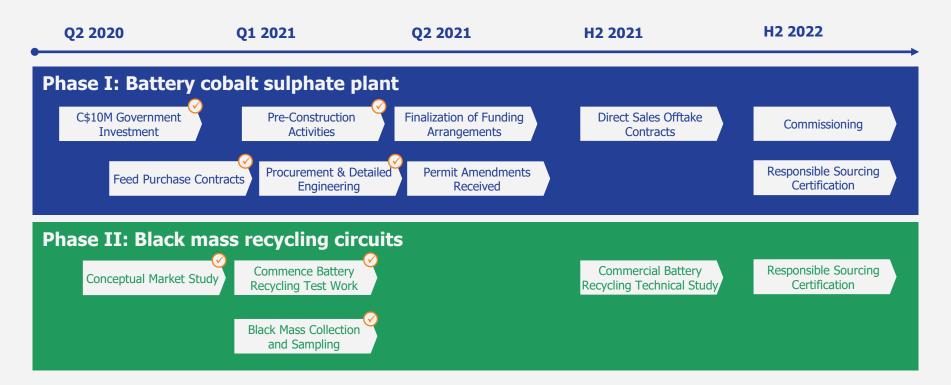
FIRST

## **Production / EBITDA profile**





## **Refinery development schedule**





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## **Battery recycling opportunity**

#### **Capitalizing on existing infrastructure to recycle black mass from lithium-ion batteries**

- Phase II refinery expansion incorporates extraction of cobalt, nickel, copper and potentially lithium, manganese, graphite and aluminum from end-of-life batteries
- Sampling and test work underway, engineering study to commence shortly
- First Cobalt's hydrometallurgical refinery expected to provide higher yields at lower costs and significantly lower energy intensity and lower GHG emissions, compared to traditional pyrometallurgical facilities

• Stage 1: Processing of existing high-cobalt black mass from mobile devices

Stage 2: Closed-loop recycling joint-ventures with automakers

Low CAPEX compared to new built plants

**Recycled batteries market opportunity** 

#### Existing source of black mass Testing Growing source and demand for recycled $\odot$ material $\oslash \oslash$ First Cobalt lithium-00 ion battery recycling opportunity Discharge Joint ventures with battery users Crushing Hydrometallurgical Sorting processing

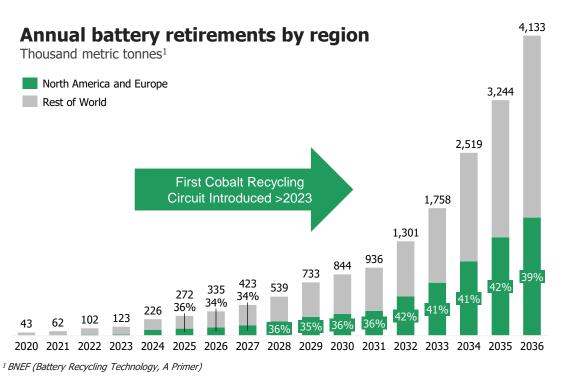
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## **Battery recycling rationale and market size**

- 4.1 million metric tonnes of available end-of-life EV and storage packs by 2035
- 98% mandated recovery rate of nickel, cobalt and manganese in China (North America and Europe expected to follow)
- US\$2/kWh gross profit from recycling a 100kWh NCA pack in the US today
- Using recycled materials can lower the carbon footprint of cells by up to 85%



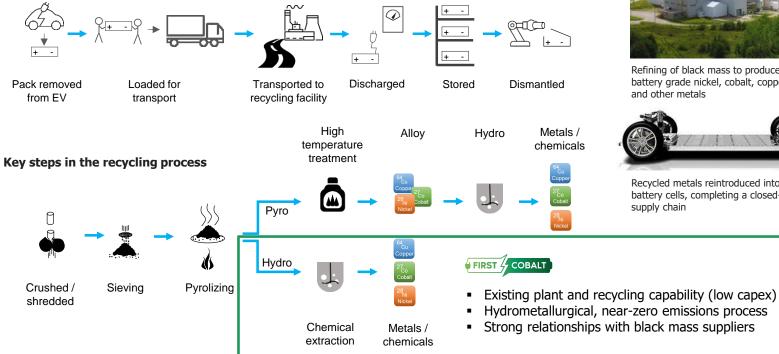


## **Battery recycling process**

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Logistics of battery recycling





Refining of black mass to produce battery grade nickel, cobalt, copper and other metals



Recycled metals reintroduced into new battery cells, completing a closed-loop



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## **Our approach to ESG**

Our mission is to produce the world's most sustainable cobalt

Responsible Sourcing

Low Environmental Footprint

Strong governance and social responsibility



## **Responsible Sourcing**



We have a responsibility to respect and protect stakeholders within our sphere of influence. This includes our direct influence on human rights as well as human rights within our supply chain. This is in line with the **United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.** 

We commit - as a priority - to prevent the use of child labor in all its forms, whether directly through our business's activities or indirectly through our supply chains. By embedding child labour prevention provisions into our business conduct, we can help ensure that our cobalt is free of such abuses.





CIRAF





## **Low Environmental Footprint**

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We take a proactive, risk-based approach to environmental management, with robust measures that help ensure we minimize our environmental impact, while ensuring the viability of the environment for future generations. In line with our overall approach to responsible mining, the 'zero harm' principle will guide our approach to environmental management.

At Iron Creek, ore sorting is an innovative method we are exploring to reduce our environmental impact (concentrates the ore for shipping and processing, fewer trucks on the road and less processing energy = lower greenhouse gas emissions).

## **51%** lower CO2 emissions<sup>1</sup>

**73%** lower water consumption<sup>1</sup>

**30%** lower eutrophication potential<sup>1</sup>

## **Removes ~650,000**

combustion engines from the road every year<sup>1</sup>

CO2 reduction of 3m tonnes/year<sup>1</sup>

## **Strong Governance and Social Responsibility**



COBAL

#### **Community Relations**

We will be a catalyst for local community and economic development.

We will strive to provide regional economic opportunities, local employment, local procurement opportunities, infrastructure availability, and tax revenues for service implementation.

#### Health & Safety

Our approach to safety and health is guided by the 'zero harm' principle, where every employee goes home safely each and every day. We will work to embed a strong safety culture into all our operations.



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#### **Cobalt mine development project**

Active development program to develop North America's first cobalt mine



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# Primary cobalt property

**IDAHO** 

## Idaho cobalt belt

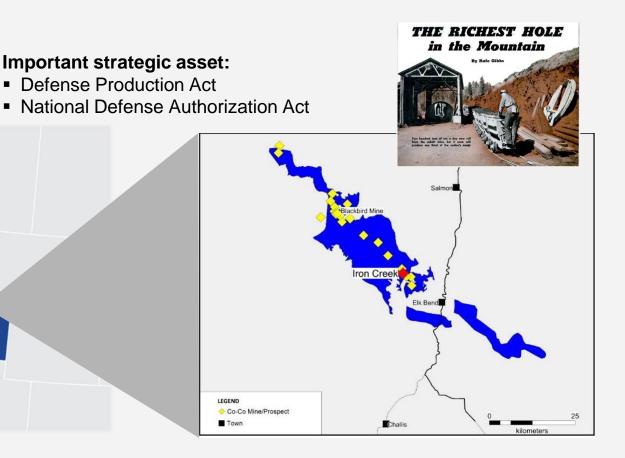
#### Largest unmined cobalt resource in U.S. (USGS 2017)

Belt extends over 100km and contains several known cobalt-copper deposits and prospects

Includes former producing Blackbird Mine (1902-1968); produced 50% of US total cobalt output in 1954

Idaho has a long mining history, including silver and phosphate

Idaho ranked 9<sup>th</sup> best jurisdiction in the world for investment in 2020 (Fraser Institute)



## Iron Creek, Idaho, USA

High-grade, quality asset base

Socially responsible cobalt located in a tier 1 jurisdiction

Integrated supply chain potential – ability to supply First Cobalt refinery in the future

Flagship primary cobalt deposit with significant copper credits on patented land

900m of strike extension and 350 depth from surface; remains open

Extensive infrastructure, including 3 adits with 600m of underground development

Stratabound cobalt and copper mineralization; true widths +30m; optimal for underground bulk mining



## **Iron Creek project**

**1946** Staked for iron

- **1967-1972** Copper-cobalt exploration and underground development
- **1972-1974** Intermittent exploration drilling, surveys & metallurgical tests

1979-1983 Noranda resource estimation

#### Property

- Site restored by First Cobalt in 2017
- All season road access from State highway
- Infrastructure upgraded
  - 3 existing adits for 600m of underground development, exposing mineralized zones (sampled in 2017)
  - Underground access for exploration drilling
  - Over 3km of surface drill road and pad construction





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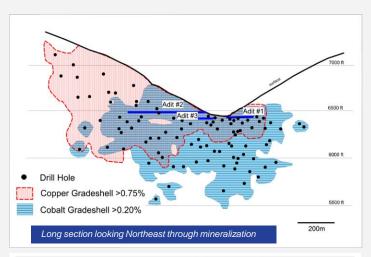
## **Resource estimate**

Higher-grade Co and Cu zones to the east
and west respectively remain open along
strike and down-dip

Mineralization is stratabound with true widths up to 30 metres thick

- High property potential with other known surface mineralized zones
  - Metallurgical tests show conventional extraction methods applicable





Category	Tonnes	CoEq (%)	Cobalt (%)	Cobalt (Mlbs)	Copper (%)	Copper (Mlbs)
Indicated	2,154,000	0.32	0.26	12.3	0.61	29.1
Inferred	2,676,000	0.28	0.22	12.7	0.68	39.9

Resource calculation at 0.18% CoEq cutoff for for underground mine, where

 $CoEq = Co\% + 0.1 \times Cu\%$ 

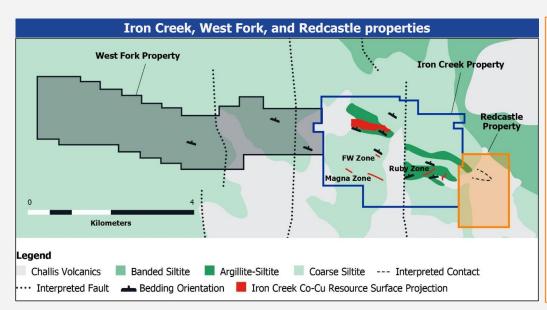
Mineral Resources estimated using CIM Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves, Mineral Resources, which are not Mineral Reserves, do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Complete description of estimation parameters is available within the NI 43-101 technical report available on the First Cobalt website.

## **Exploration potential**

#### 2021 Program

Assess Iron Creek strike extensions as well as new targets both on site and elsewhere in the Idaho Cobalt Belt Build on current high-grade underground mine opportunity and demonstrate scalability for cobalt mining in America

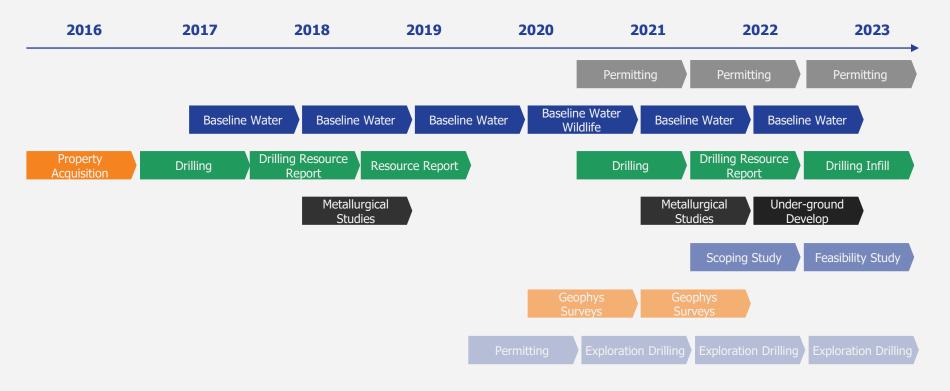


#### **Target-rich environment**

- Chargeability signature of Iron Creek cobaltcopper mineralization can be traced over 1,500m total strike extending toward West Fork Property
- Chargeability anomalies to be tested that may be associated with mineralization in the footwall rocks and a new mineralization zone further east
- Exposed mineralization at Ruby Zone over 500m in extent: channel sampling returned 0.24% Co over 10.7m and 0.26% Co over 7.6m
- Magna Zone represents pyrite mineralization and copper staining not systematically sampled



## Idaho cobalt development schedule





TSX.V: FCC | OTCQX: FTSSF

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## **Leadership team**

#### Management



Trent Mell President, CEO & Director



**Mark Trevisiol** P.Eng Vice President, Project Development



**Dr. Frank Santaguida** P.Geo Vice President, Exploration



**Ryan Snyder** CPA Chief Financial Officer



Regan P. Watts Vice President, Corporate Affairs



**Michael Insulán, PhD** Vice President, Commercial

#### **Board of Directors**



John Pollesel Chairman CEO, Boreal Agrominerals Inc.



Gov. Butch Otter Director Retired, Governor of Idaho ('07-'19)



Henrik Fisker Special Advisor Chairman & CEO Fisker Inc.



Garett Macdonald P.Eng Director President & CEO, Maritime Resources



Susan Uthayakumar Director Global Sustainability Leader, Schneider Electric



Share structure	<b>TICKERS:</b> (TSX-V: FCC, OTCQX
Covering Analysts	
CANTOR	SHARE PRICE (May 18, 2021)
CANTOR Fitzgerald	52 WEEK HIGH/LO
Matthew O'Keefe	
VIII EIGHT CAPITAL	AVE. VOL/DAY (20
Mitch Vanderydt	
	MARKET CAP
David Talbot	WORKING CAPITA (March 31, 2021)

<b>TICKERS:</b> (TSX-V: FCC, OTCQX: FTSSF)		
SHARE PRICE (May 18, 2021)	C\$0.35	
52 WEEK HIGH/LOW	C\$0.46 C\$0.10	
AVE. VOL/DAY (20-DAY)	2.1M	
MARKET CAP	C\$188M	
WORKING CAPITAL (March 31, 2021)	C\$19M	

Basic

23.9M \$0.41 average price

Warrants

15.5M \$0.33 average price

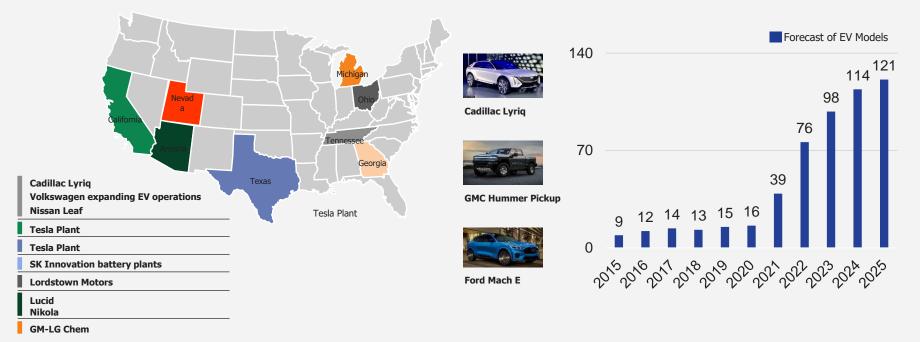
Options



## **US electric vehicle investment landscape | On the verge of something big**

American will soon have many models to choose from

In addition to federal support, strong inter-state bipartisan backing to revitalize the American economy



#### Source: First Cobalt Market Intelligence, LMC Automotive